

다음은 본문 내용을 확인할 수 있는 연습문제 20 문항입니다.

1. 다음 중 관계대명사를 생략할 수 있는 문장은?
 - ① This is the person who helped me.
 - ② This is the book that I read yesterday.
 - ③ This is the house in which he lives.
 - ④ She is the girl who won the contest.
2. 다음 문장 중 관계대명사 생략이 불가능한 문장은?
 - ① It is the car that he drives.
 - ② This is the chair on which she sat.
 - ③ She met the man whom she admired.
 - ④ That's the cake that I baked.
3. 주격 관계대명사와 be 동사의 생략이 올바른 문장은?
 - ① He is the boy who is reading a book.
 - ② He is the boy is reading a book.
 - ③ He is the boy reading a book.
 - ④ He is the boy who reading a book.
4. 다음 문장 중 잘못된 생략을 한 것은?
 - ① This is the city I was born in.
 - ② This is the city in I was born.
 - ③ It is the question I asked.
 - ④ She is the woman he talked about.
5. 다음 문장 중 관계대명사 생략이 가능하면서 올바르게 쓰인 것은?
 - ① This is the place which I visited.
 - ② This is the place in which I visited.
 - ③ This is the place visited I.
 - ④ This is the place which visited.



6. There 구문에서 주격 관계대명사를 생략한 올바른 문장은?
 - ① There are students study in the library.
 - ② There are students who study in the library.
 - ③ There are students studying in the library.
 - ④ There are students who studying in the library.

7. 다음 중 관계대명사를 반드시 생략할 수 없는 경우는?
 - ① 목적격 관계대명사(제한적 용법)
 - ② 전치사 뒤에 바로 있는 관계대명사
 - ③ 주격 관계대명사 + be 동사
 - ④ there 구문에 쓰인 주격 관계대명사

8. 주격 관계대명사만 생략해서 틀린 문장은?
 - ① She was waving at her friend who was leaving.
 - ② She was waving at her friend was leaving.
 - ③ She was waving at her friend leaving.
 - ④ She was waving at her friend who left.

9. 다음 문장 중 제한적 용법에서 목적격 관계대명사가 생략된 문장은?
 - ① This is the house which I bought.
 - ② This is the house, which I bought.
 - ③ This is the house who I bought.
 - ④ This is the house, I bought.

10. 다음 문장 중 생략할 수 있는 관계대명사를 포함한 문장은?
 - ① That's the man whose car was stolen.
 - ② That's the car in which he drove.
 - ③ That's the cake that she made.
 - ④ That's the building which stands there.



11. 전치사가 관계대명사 앞에 있을 때 생략이 불가능한 예로 올바른 문장은?

- ① This is the song I listened to.
- ② This is the song to which I listened.
- ③ This is the song which listened I to.
- ④ This is the song I to listened.

12. 다음 문장 중 관계대명사 생략이 불가능한 문장은?

- ① Here is the pen that you lost.
- ② I met the girl who invited me.
- ③ She found the keys that she dropped.
- ④ This is the car that I bought yesterday.

13. 다음 중 올바르게 관계대명사와 be 동사를 함께 생략한 문장은?

- ① This is the person who was talking to me.
- ② This is the person talking to me.
- ③ This is the person was talking to me.
- ④ This is the person who talking to me.

14. 다음 중 there 구문에서 주격 관계대명사를 생략한 올바른 문장은?

- ① There is someone waiting outside.
- ② There is someone who waiting outside.
- ③ There is someone who waits outside.
- ④ There is someone waits outside.

15. 목적격 관계대명사의 생략 조건이 아닌 것은?

- ① 제한적 용법일 때
- ② 목적격으로 사용됐을 때
- ③ 계속적 용법일 때
- ④ 타동사의 목적어일 때



16. 다음 문장에서 관계대명사 생략이 가능한 것은?

- ① The movie that we watched was amazing.
- ② The movie, which we watched, was amazing.
- ③ The man who is speaking is my teacher.
- ④ The woman whose son won the prize is happy.

17. 관계대명사 생략 시 주의할 점으로 옳은 설명은?

- ① 관계대명사는 모든 경우 반드시 생략해야 한다.
- ② 주격 관계대명사는 be 동사 없이도 생략 가능하다.
- ③ 전치사가 앞에 있을 때는 생략할 수 없다.
- ④ 계속적 용법에서도 생략할 수 있다.

18. 다음 중 관계대명사를 생략하면 틀리는 문장은?

- ① That's the story I talked about.
- ② That's the story about I talked.
- ③ That's the story which I talked about.
- ④ That's the story about which I talked.

19. 다음 문장 중 주격 관계대명사와 be 동사를 잘못 생략한 것은?

- ① The girl who is smiling is my cousin.
- ② The girl smiling is my cousin.
- ③ The girl is smiling is my cousin.
- ④ The smiling girl is my cousin.

20. 관계대명사 생략 핵심정리로 옳은 설명은?

- ① 제한적 용법의 목적격 관계대명사는 생략 가능하다.
- ② 주격 관계대명사는 항상 생략할 수 있다.
- ③ 계속적 용법에서는 생략 가능하다.
- ④ 관계대명사와 be 동사는 따로 생략 가능하다.

수고 하셨습니다!